

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS DESIGNED TO

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS DESIGNED TO PROMOTE PEACE AND PREVENT FUTURE WARS BY OUTLAWING WAR AS A TOOL OF NATIONAL POLICY. SIGNED IN 1928, THIS INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT MARKED A SIGNIFICANT EFFORT BY THE GLOBAL COMMUNITY TO CURB THE DESTRUCTIVE CONSEQUENCES OF ARMED CONFLICT FOLLOWING THE DEVASTATION OF WORLD WAR I. THE PACT IS OFTEN SEEN AS A MILESTONE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNATIONAL LAW, REFLECTING THE WIDESPREAD DESIRE FOR LASTING PEACE IN THE INTERWAR PERIOD. DESPITE ITS NOBLE INTENTIONS, THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT FACED CRITICISM FOR ITS LACK OF ENFORCEMENT MECHANISMS AND RELIANCE ON THE GOODWILL OF SIGNATORY NATIONS. THIS ARTICLE EXPLORES THE ORIGINS, OBJECTIVES, KEY PROVISIONS, AND LEGACY OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT. IT FURTHER EXAMINES THE PACT'S IMPACT ON INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND ITS ROLE IN SHAPING THE FUTURE OF DIPLOMATIC EFFORTS TO PREVENT WAR. UNDERSTANDING THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT PROVIDES VALUABLE INSIGHT INTO EARLY 20TH-CENTURY ATTEMPTS TO ESTABLISH A RULES-BASED INTERNATIONAL ORDER.

- ORIGINS AND HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT
- KEY OBJECTIVES AND PROVISIONS OF THE PACT
- SIGNATORIES AND GLOBAL PARTICIPATION
- IMPACT ON INTERNATIONAL LAW AND DIPLOMACY
- CRITICISMS AND LIMITATIONS OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT
- LEGACY AND INFLUENCE ON FUTURE PEACE EFFORTS

ORIGINS AND HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS DESIGNED TO ARISE FROM THE WIDESPREAD DESIRE TO PREVENT ANOTHER CATASTROPHIC WAR LIKE WORLD WAR I. THE 1920S WERE MARKED BY SIGNIFICANT EFFORTS TO PROMOTE PEACE AND STABILITY AFTER THE UNPRECEDENTED LOSS OF LIFE AND ECONOMIC TURMOIL CAUSED BY THE GREAT WAR. IT WAS DURING THIS PERIOD THAT THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY SOUGHT NEW WAYS TO ADDRESS THE CAUSES OF CONFLICT AND ESTABLISH FRAMEWORKS FOR PEACEFUL DISPUTE RESOLUTION.

THE PACT IS NAMED AFTER ITS PRINCIPAL ARCHITECTS, U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE FRANK B. KELLOGG AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER ARISTIDE BRIAND. THE INITIAL PROPOSAL BY BRIAND AIMED AT A BILATERAL NON-AGGRESSION TREATY BETWEEN FRANCE AND THE UNITED STATES, BUT KELLOGG EXPANDED THE IDEA INTO A MULTILATERAL AGREEMENT INVOLVING NUMEROUS NATIONS. THE PACT WAS SIGNED IN PARIS ON AUGUST 27, 1928, REFLECTING A RARE MOMENT OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION.

POST-WORLD WAR I PEACE MOVEMENTS

FOLLOWING WORLD WAR I, SEVERAL PEACE MOVEMENTS GAINED MOMENTUM, ADVOCATING DISARMAMENT AND COLLECTIVE SECURITY. THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS WAS ESTABLISHED TO FACILITATE DIALOGUE AND PREVENT CONFLICTS, YET IT LACKED THE POWER TO ENFORCE ITS RESOLUTIONS EFFECTIVELY. THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS DESIGNED TO COMPLEMENT THESE EFFORTS BY EXPLICITLY OUTLAWING WAR AS A MEANS OF RESOLVING INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

DIPLOMATIC CLIMATE LEADING TO THE PACT

THE 1920S WITNESSED FLUCTUATING TENSIONS AMONG MAJOR POWERS, WITH UNRESOLVED TERRITORIAL DISPUTES AND RISING NATIONALISM THREATENING STABILITY. THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS CONCEIVED AS A DIPLOMATIC SOLUTION TO THESE CHALLENGES, AIMING TO CREATE A MORAL AND LEGAL BARRIER AGAINST WAR. IT REPRESENTED AN OPTIMISTIC BELIEF IN

KEY OBJECTIVES AND PROVISIONS OF THE PACT

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS DESIGNED TO ESTABLISH A CLEAR INTERNATIONAL NORM CONDEMNING WAR AND TO PROMOTE THE PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF CONFLICTS. ITS PRIMARY OBJECTIVE WAS TO RENOUNCE WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY AND PREVENT AGGRESSIVE MILITARY ACTIONS AMONG THE SIGNATORIES. THE PACT DECLARED THAT ALL DISPUTES SHOULD BE RESOLVED THROUGH PEACEFUL MEANS SUCH AS NEGOTIATION, MEDIATION, ARBITRATION, OR JUDICIAL SETTLEMENT.

ONE OF THE DEFINING FEATURES OF THE PACT WAS ITS SIMPLICITY AND BROAD SCOPE. IT DID NOT SPECIFY DETAILED MECHANISMS FOR ENFORCEMENT OR DEFINE WHAT CONSTITUTED AGGRESSION, WHICH LATER CONTRIBUTED TO ITS LIMITATIONS. NONETHELESS, ITS SYMBOLIC VALUE AS A FORMAL COMMITMENT TO PEACE WAS SIGNIFICANT.

PROHIBITION OF WAR AS POLICY

THE PACT EXPLICITLY STATED THAT THE PARTIES CONDEMNED RECOURSE TO WAR FOR THE SOLUTION OF INTERNATIONAL CONTROVERSIES AND RENOUNCED IT AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY. THIS PROVISION SOUGHT TO DELEGITIMIZE WAR AND ESTABLISH A LEGAL NORM AGAINST ITS USE.

PEACEFUL DISPUTE RESOLUTION

SIGNATORIES AGREED TO RESOLVE DISPUTES THROUGH PEACEFUL PROCESSES, EMPHASIZING DIPLOMACY OVER MILITARY CONFLICT. THIS INCLUDED NEGOTIATIONS, JUDICIAL PROCEDURES, AND OTHER NON-VIOLENT MEANS TO MAINTAIN INTERNATIONAL ORDER.

SCOPE AND APPLICABILITY

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS DESIGNED TO BE UNIVERSALLY APPLICABLE, ALLOWING ANY NATION TO JOIN AND COMMIT TO ITS PRINCIPLES. THIS INCLUSIVENESS AIMED TO FOSTER A GLOBAL CONSENSUS ON THE REJECTION OF WAR.

SIGNATORIES AND GLOBAL PARTICIPATION

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS DESIGNED TO ATTRACT WIDE INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT, REFLECTING THE COLLECTIVE DESIRE FOR PEACE AMONG NATIONS. INITIALLY SIGNED BY 15 COUNTRIES, INCLUDING MAJOR POWERS SUCH AS THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE, GERMANY, THE UNITED KINGDOM, ITALY, AND JAPAN, THE PACT QUICKLY GAINED ADDITIONAL SIGNATORIES OVER SUBSEQUENT YEARS.

BY THE EARLY 1930S, OVER 60 NATIONS HAD RATIFIED THE AGREEMENT, MAKING IT ONE OF THE MOST WIDELY ENDORSED TREATIES OF ITS TIME. THIS BROAD PARTICIPATION UNDERScoreD THE GLOBAL COMMITMENT TO THE PRINCIPLES OF THE PACT, EVEN AS POLITICAL REALITIES CHALLENGED ITS EFFECTIVENESS.

MAJOR POWERS' ROLE

THE INVOLVEMENT OF MAJOR WORLD POWERS LENT CREDIBILITY AND SIGNIFICANCE TO THE PACT. THEIR ENDORSEMENT WAS CRUCIAL IN SETTING DIPLOMATIC STANDARDS AND INFLUENCING OTHER NATIONS TO JOIN THE AGREEMENT.

GLOBAL REACH AND INCLUSIVITY

THE PACT'S OPEN NATURE ALLOWED COUNTRIES FROM DIFFERENT CONTINENTS AND POLITICAL SYSTEMS TO PARTICIPATE. THIS

UNIVERSALITY WAS INTENDED TO CREATE A COMMON FRAMEWORK FOR PEACE TRANSCENDING IDEOLOGICAL AND CULTURAL DIFFERENCES.

IMPACT ON INTERNATIONAL LAW AND DIPLOMACY

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS DESIGNED TO SERVE AS A FOUNDATIONAL DOCUMENT IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF MODERN INTERNATIONAL LAW CONCERNING THE USE OF FORCE. IT REPRESENTED A PIONEERING STEP TOWARD CODIFYING THE ILLEGALITY OF AGGRESSIVE WAR AND LAID THE GROUNDWORK FOR LATER LEGAL INSTRUMENTS AND INSTITUTIONS FOCUSED ON PEACE AND SECURITY.

ITS INFLUENCE EXTENDED INTO THE POST-WORLD WAR II ERA, NOTABLY INSPIRING THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER'S PROVISIONS ON THE PROHIBITION OF THE THREAT OR USE OF FORCE. THE PACT HELPED SHIFT THE NORMS OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS BY EMPHASIZING LEGAL AND DIPLOMATIC METHODS OVER MILITARY SOLUTIONS.

LEGAL PRECEDENT AGAINST AGGRESSION

THE PACT ESTABLISHED A LEGAL PRECEDENT THAT AGGRESSIVE WAR WAS UNACCEPTABLE, INFLUENCING SUBSEQUENT TREATIES AND INTERNATIONAL JUDICIAL DECISIONS. IT CONTRIBUTED TO THE CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK USED IN PROSECUTING WAR CRIMES AND CRIMES AGAINST PEACE.

DIPLOMATIC EFFORTS AND PEACEKEEPING

BY PROMOTING PEACEFUL DISPUTE RESOLUTION, THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT ENCOURAGED THE USE OF DIPLOMACY AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS TO MANAGE CONFLICTS. IT REINFORCED THE IDEA THAT WAR SHOULD BE A LAST RESORT, SUBJECT TO INTERNATIONAL SCRUTINY.

CRITICISMS AND LIMITATIONS OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT

DESPITE ITS AMBITIOUS GOALS, THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS DESIGNED WITHOUT ROBUST ENFORCEMENT MECHANISMS, WHICH SIGNIFICANTLY LIMITED ITS PRACTICAL EFFECTIVENESS. THE TREATY RELIED HEAVILY ON THE GOODWILL AND VOLUNTARY COMPLIANCE OF THE SIGNATORY STATES, WHICH PROVED INSUFFICIENT TO PREVENT FUTURE CONFLICTS.

CRITICS ARGUE THAT THE PACT WAS LARGELY SYMBOLIC AND FAILED TO DETER AGGRESSIVE ACTIONS BY STATES IN THE 1930s, SUCH AS JAPAN'S INVASION OF MANCHURIA, ITALY'S ATTACK ON ETHIOPIA, AND THE LEAD-UP TO WORLD WAR II. THE ABSENCE OF A DEFINED MECHANISM TO PUNISH VIOLATIONS UNDERMINED ITS AUTHORITY.

LACK OF ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS

THE PACT DID NOT INCLUDE CLEAR SANCTIONS OR COLLECTIVE SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS TO RESPOND TO BREACHES, RENDERING IT TOOTHLESS AGAINST VIOLATIONS. THIS OMISSION WAS A CRITICAL WEAKNESS IN ITS DESIGN.

AMBIGUITY AND LEGAL CHALLENGES

AMBIGUOUS LANGUAGE REGARDING WHAT CONSTITUTED "WAR" AND "AGGRESSION" CREATED INTERPRETATIVE CHALLENGES. THIS AMBIGUITY ALLOWED STATES TO CIRCUMVENT THEIR OBLIGATIONS BY REDEFINING THEIR MILITARY ACTIONS.

POLITICAL REALITIES AND NATIONAL INTERESTS

NATIONAL INTERESTS AND POWER POLITICS OFTEN TOOK PRECEDENCE OVER TREATY COMMITMENTS. MANY GOVERNMENTS

PRIORITIZED STRATEGIC AND TERRITORIAL AMBITIONS OVER ADHERENCE TO THE PACT'S PRINCIPLES.

LEGACY AND INFLUENCE ON FUTURE PEACE EFFORTS

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS DESIGNED TO BE A PIONEERING STEP TOWARD A WORLD ORDER GOVERNED BY LAW RATHER THAN FORCE. WHILE ITS IMMEDIATE IMPACT ON PREVENTING WAR WAS LIMITED, ITS LEGACY ENDURES IN THE EVOLUTION OF INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY FRAMEWORKS.

THE PRINCIPLES ENSHRINED IN THE PACT INFLUENCED THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL LAW. THE CONCEPT THAT WAR COULD BE ILLEGAL UNDER INTERNATIONAL LAW WAS REVOLUTIONARY AND CONTINUES TO UNDERPIN CONTEMPORARY EFFORTS TO MAINTAIN GLOBAL PEACE.

INFLUENCE ON THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER

THE PROHIBITION OF WAR AS A POLICY TOOL WAS INCORPORATED INTO THE UN CHARTER, WHICH ESTABLISHED MORE EFFECTIVE MECHANISMS FOR COLLECTIVE SECURITY AND CONFLICT RESOLUTION. THE PACT'S IDEALS HELPED SHAPE THIS FOUNDATIONAL DOCUMENT.

DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL LAW

THE PACT LAID THE GROUNDWORK FOR PROSECUTING AGGRESSION AS A CRIME, INFLUENCING TRIBUNALS SUCH AS THE NUREMBERG TRIALS AND SUBSEQUENT INTERNATIONAL COURTS. IT CONTRIBUTED TO THE LEGAL BASIS FOR HOLDING LEADERS ACCOUNTABLE FOR INITIATING WARS.

ENDURING SYMBOL OF PEACE ASPIRATIONS

DESPITE ITS FLAWS, THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT REMAINS A SIGNIFICANT HISTORICAL SYMBOL OF THE GLOBAL DESIRE FOR PEACE AND THE REJECTION OF WAR. IT REPRESENTS AN EARLY ATTEMPT TO INSTITUTIONALIZE PEACE THROUGH INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT AND LEGAL NORMS.

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FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT WAS THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT?

THE PRIMARY PURPOSE OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS TO RENOUNCE WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY AND TO PROMOTE PEACEFUL RESOLUTION OF CONFLICTS.

WHEN WAS THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT SIGNED?

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS SIGNED ON AUGUST 27, 1928.

WHICH COUNTRIES ORIGINALLY SIGNED THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT?

THE ORIGINAL SIGNATORIES OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WERE THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE, AND SEVERAL OTHER COUNTRIES INCLUDING GERMANY, ITALY, AND JAPAN.

HOW EFFECTIVE WAS THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT IN PREVENTING FUTURE WARS?

ALTHOUGH THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS A SIGNIFICANT STEP TOWARDS INTERNATIONAL PEACE, IT WAS ULTIMATELY INEFFECTIVE IN PREVENTING FUTURE WARS, AS IT LACKED ENFORCEMENT MECHANISMS.

DID THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT OUTLAW ALL WARS?

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT AIMED TO OUTLAW WAR AS A MEANS OF RESOLVING DISPUTES, BUT IT DID NOT FORBID SELF-DEFENSE OR INCLUDE CLEAR ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS.

HOW DID THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT INFLUENCE INTERNATIONAL LAW?

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT INFLUENCED INTERNATIONAL LAW BY ESTABLISHING THE PRINCIPLE THAT AGGRESSIVE WAR IS ILLEGAL AND SETTING A FOUNDATION FOR LATER TREATIES AND THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER.

WHAT WAS THE HISTORICAL CONTEXT BEHIND THE CREATION OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT?

THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT WAS CREATED IN THE AFTERMATH OF WORLD WAR I, DURING A PERIOD WHEN MANY NATIONS SOUGHT TO PREVENT ANOTHER DEVASTATING GLOBAL CONFLICT.

WHO WERE THE KEY FIGURES BEHIND THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT?

THE PACT IS NAMED AFTER U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE FRANK B. KELLOGG AND FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER ARISTIDE BRIAND, WHO WERE INSTRUMENTAL IN DRAFTING AND PROMOTING THE AGREEMENT.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

1. *THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT: A TREATY TO END WAR*

THIS BOOK OFFERS A COMPREHENSIVE ANALYSIS OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT, FOCUSING ON ITS ORIGINS AS AN AMBITIOUS INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT AIMED AT OUTLAWING WAR AS A TOOL OF NATIONAL POLICY. IT EXPLORES THE POLITICAL CONTEXT OF THE 1920S AND THE HOPES FOR LASTING PEACE AFTER THE DEVASTATION OF WORLD WAR I. THE AUTHOR EXAMINES THE PACT'S SUCCESSES AND LIMITATIONS, HIGHLIGHTING ITS INFLUENCE ON LATER INTERNATIONAL LAW.

2. *FROM IDEALISM TO REALISM: THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT AND ITS LEGACY*

THIS WORK DELVES INTO THE IDEALISTIC MOTIVATIONS BEHIND THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT AND THE PRAGMATIC CHALLENGES IT FACED. IT COVERS THE DIPLOMATIC EFFORTS THAT LED TO THE PACT'S SIGNING AND EVALUATES ITS IMPACT ON GLOBAL DIPLOMACY AND THE PREVENTION OF CONFLICTS IN THE INTERWAR PERIOD. THE BOOK ALSO DISCUSSES HOW THE PACT SHAPED THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER.

3. *WAR NO MORE: THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT AND THE QUEST FOR PEACE*

FOCUSING ON THE MORAL AND LEGAL ASPIRATIONS OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT, THIS BOOK PRESENTS THE PACT AS A LANDMARK IN THE INTERNATIONAL PEACE MOVEMENT. IT DESCRIBES HOW THE AGREEMENT SOUGHT TO RENOUNCE WAR AND PROMOTE PEACEFUL CONFLICT RESOLUTION AMONG NATIONS. THE AUTHOR ALSO ADDRESSES THE PACT'S SYMBOLIC IMPORTANCE DESPITE ITS FAILURE TO PREVENT SUBSEQUENT WARS.

4. *INTERNATIONAL LAW AND THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT*

THIS DETAILED LEGAL STUDY EXAMINES THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT'S ROLE IN SHAPING MODERN INTERNATIONAL LAW. IT DISCUSSES HOW THE PACT CONTRIBUTED TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CONCEPT OF CRIMES AGAINST PEACE AND INFLUENCED THE NUREMBERG TRIALS AFTER WORLD WAR II. THE BOOK PROVIDES INSIGHT INTO THE TREATY'S LEGAL LANGUAGE AND ITS LONG-TERM EFFECTS ON INTERNATIONAL NORMS.

5. *PEACE BY TREATY: THE STORY OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT*

THIS NARRATIVE HISTORY TRACES THE DIPLOMATIC NEGOTIATIONS AND KEY FIGURES BEHIND THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT. IT HIGHLIGHTS THE PACT'S ASPIRATION TO CREATE A WORLD WITHOUT WAR AND THE POLITICAL DYNAMICS THAT BOTH SUPPORTED AND UNDERMINED IT. THE BOOK OFFERS A VIVID PORTRAYAL OF THE INTERWAR PERIOD'S HOPES AND FRUSTRATIONS REGARDING GLOBAL PEACE.

6. *THE FAILURE OF PACIFISM? THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT IN CONTEXT*

ANALYZING THE LIMITATIONS OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT, THIS BOOK CRITIQUES THE EFFECTIVENESS OF PACIFIST TREATIES IN PREVENTING CONFLICT. IT PLACES THE PACT WITHIN THE BROADER CONTEXT OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS IN THE 1920S AND 1930S, EXPLAINING WHY IT ULTIMATELY FAILED TO STOP THE OUTBREAK OF WORLD WAR II. THE AUTHOR DISCUSSES LESSONS LEARNED AND THE PACT'S ROLE IN SHAPING FUTURE PEACE EFFORTS.

7. *THE ROAD TO COLLECTIVE SECURITY: KELLOGG-BRIAND AND BEYOND*

THIS BOOK EXPLORES HOW THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT INFLUENCED THE CONCEPT OF COLLECTIVE SECURITY AND THE FORMATION OF INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS. IT DETAILS THE PACT'S CONTRIBUTION TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF MECHANISMS INTENDED TO MAINTAIN PEACE THROUGH COOPERATION RATHER THAN WAR. THE ANALYSIS EXTENDS TO THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS AND THE UNITED NATIONS AS SUCCESSORS IN THIS MISSION.

8. *THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT AND THE ETHICS OF WAR*

THIS PHILOSOPHICAL EXAMINATION ADDRESSES THE ETHICAL IMPLICATIONS OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT'S RENUNCIATION OF WAR. IT DEBATES WHETHER THE PACT REPRESENTED A GENUINE MORAL BREAKTHROUGH OR AN UNREALISTIC IDEALISM. THE AUTHOR CONSIDERS THE PACT'S PLACE IN THE ONGOING DISCOURSE ABOUT JUST WAR THEORY AND INTERNATIONAL MORALITY.

9. *LEGACY OF PEACE: HOW THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT SHAPED MODERN DIPLOMACY*

THIS BOOK ASSESSES THE ENDURING INFLUENCE OF THE KELLOGG-BRIAND PACT ON DIPLOMATIC PRACTICES AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS. IT ARGUES THAT DESPITE ITS SHORTCOMINGS, THE PACT LAID THE GROUNDWORK FOR FUTURE TREATIES AND INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS AIMED AT LIMITING ARMED CONFLICT. THE STUDY HIGHLIGHTS ITS SYMBOLIC POWER AND PRACTICAL CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE EVOLUTION OF PEACEFUL DIPLOMACY.

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